



European cities characterization as basis towards the replication of a Smart and Sustainable Urban Regeneration Model

Miguel Á. García-Fuentes^a, Ana Quijano^a, Cristina de Torre^a, Rubén García^a, Philippe Compere^b,
Christelle Degard^b, Isabel Tomé^c

^aCARTIF Technology Centre, Parque Tecnológico de Boecillo, Parcela 205, 47151 Valladolid

^bAssociation Pour le Redeploiement Economique du Bassin Seresien, Rue Cockerill 40, 4100 Seraing

^cIberdrola Ingeniería y Construcción SAU, Avda Manoteras 20, 28050 Madrid

EU roadmap of SCC projects



EUROPEAN INNOVATION PARTNERSHIP ON SMART CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



CITYkeys (SCC2)
Smart City Indicators



ESPRESSO (SCC3)
Smart City Standards

SCC1-2014



SCC1-2015



SMART CITIES INFORMATION SYSTEM (SCIS)



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

REMOURBAN PROJECT



Total REMOURBAN budget: **23.8M€**
Total investment in REMOURBAN actions: **14.2M€ (90% public)**
Energy savings: **6,858,735 MWh/yr**
CO₂ emissions avoided: **2,841 TnCO₂/yr**
Citizens directly involved in demos: **19,800**
Direct job creation: **187**
Consortium: **22** partners (5 municipalities, 3 RTD, 5 industries, 9 SMEs)
Nationalities: **7** (Spain, UK, Turkey, Belgium, Hungary, Germany, Italy)



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

Miguel Á. García-Fuentes
European cities characterization as basis towards the replication of a Smart and Sustainable Urban Regeneration Model

International conference on:
Sustainability in Energy
and Buildings (SEB2016)

REMO URBAN KEY OBJECTIVE



- Develop and validate an **Urban Regeneration Model** – highly replicable and based on the joint transformation of:
 - Buildings/districts towards **Low Energy Districts**
 - City transportation towards a **Sustainable Urban Mobility**
 - Integrate existing city infrastructures through **ICTs**



Source: PETER PARKS/AFP/Getty Images



Source: theskyisbig.blogspot.com

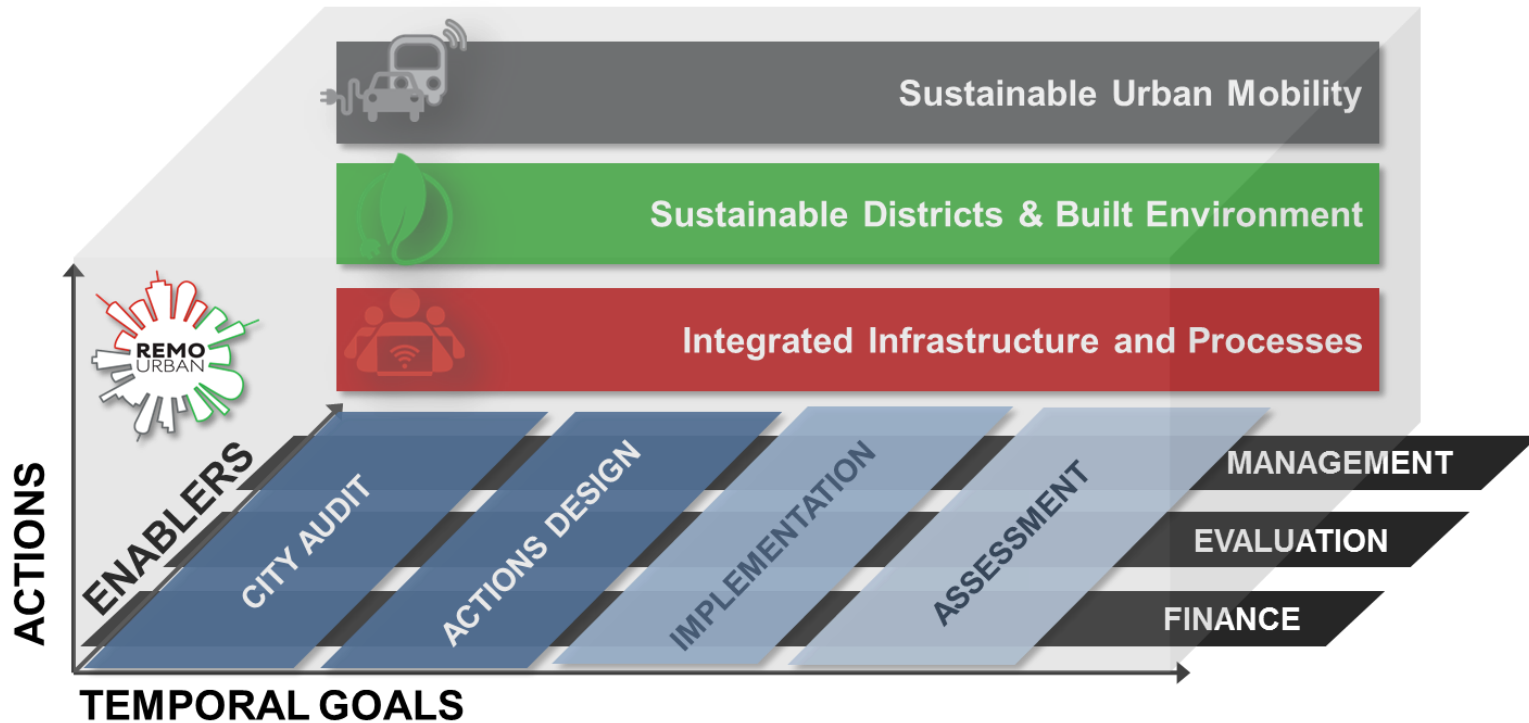


Source: Stephen Thomas-Patel



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

URBAN REGENERATION MODEL



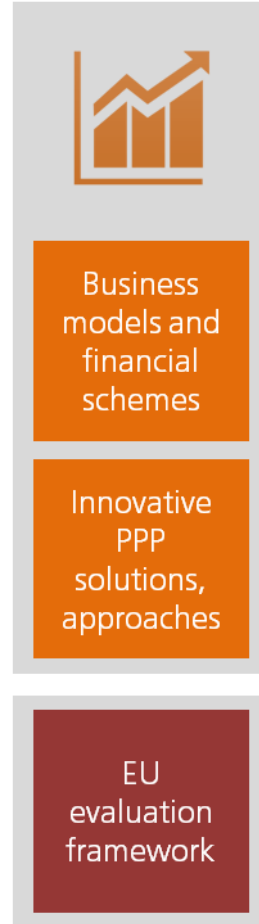
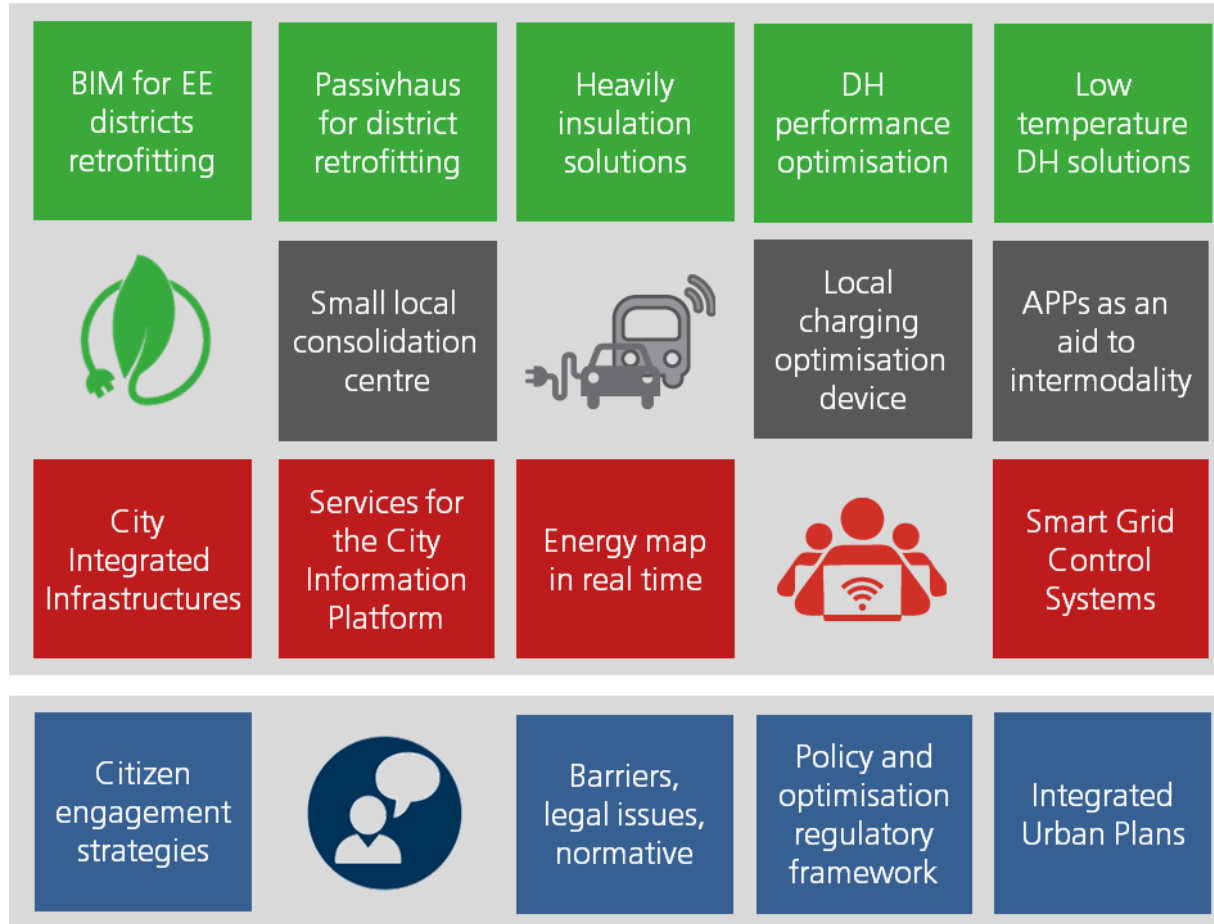
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

URBAN REGENERATION MODEL



TECHNICAL INNOVATIONS / SOLUTIONS

FUNDS



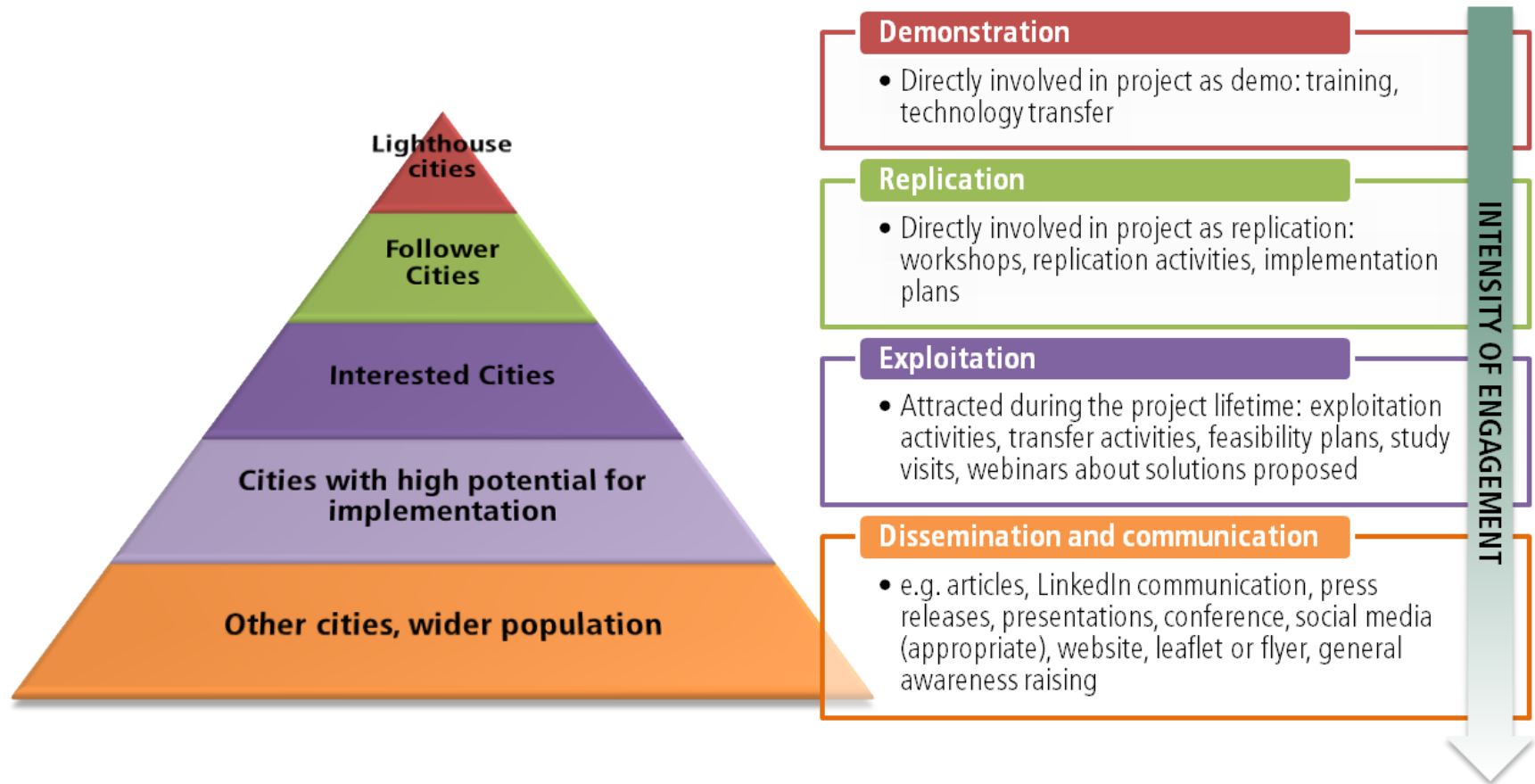
DECISIONS

INSIGHTS



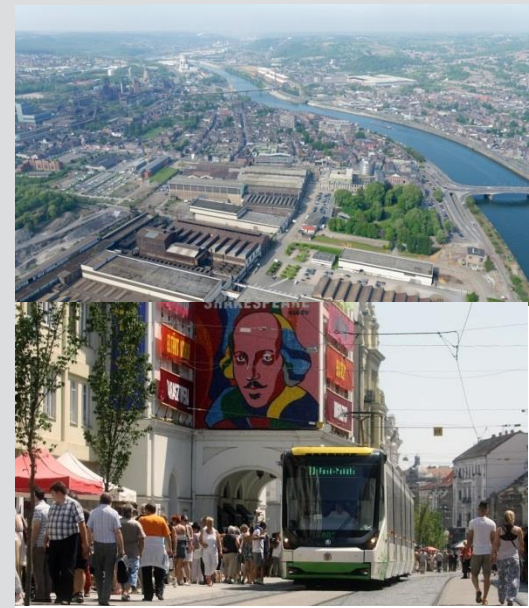
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

SCALE-UP APPROACH TO MAXIMISE THE IMPACT



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

DEMONSTRATION




This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

Miguel Á. García-Fuentes
European cities characterization as basis towards the replication of a Smart and Sustainable Urban Regeneration Model

International conference on:
Sustainability in Energy
and Buildings (SEB2016)

DEMONSTRATION: VALLADOLID (SP)



Population of 310,000 (city urban area of 415,000).
Administrative capital of Castilla y León.
Smart City strategy for Valladolid and Palencia (2010).
Integral Plan for Urban Mobility, PIMUVA (2005).
General Plan for Urban Development, PGOUVA (2004 – under review).

Energy Management Systems
(ICT for thermal system monitoring and control)

City Information Platform
(ICT measures for mobility and city management)

Building envelope retrofitting
(24,700 m² of cond. area)

District heating and DHW systems
(biomass for energy)

Electric vehicle
(50 new electric vehicles)

Transport infrastructure
(29 new charging points)

Intermodality
(buses, bicycles, and car sharing fleets)

Citizens' engagement and empowerment

Smart city strategies

EU smart city indicator framework

50% Energy savings
80% CO₂ emissions avoided
5,700 citizens directly involved



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

DEMONSTRATION: NOTTINGHAM (UK)



Population of 306,000 (city urban area of 730,000).
One of the major cities in East Midlands.

City 2020 Energy and Carbon strategy (2010).
Sustainable Energy Action Plan (SEAP) for the EU Covenant of Mayors (2010).

Integrated Infrastructure City ICT Model
(connecting and integrating infrastructures together)

ICT Monitoring tools for the users

Renovation of building envelope
(28,300 m² of cond. area)

District heating and cooling and distributed generation
(connected to the city network)

50% Energy savings
26% CO₂ emissions avoided
8,100 citizens directly involved

Alternative fuel vehicles
(electric buses)

Transportation infrastructures
(electric drive-lines and fast charging technology)

City Car Club
Nottingham

Citizens' engagement and empowerment

Smart city strategies

EU smart city indicator framework



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

DEMONSTRATION: TEPEBASİ (TK)



Tepebaşı district (population of 315,00) is part of Tepebaşı (population of 800,000).
Modern urban region, second biggest in Middle-Anatolia after Ankara.

Metropolitan Municipality Strategic Plan (2015).
Sustainable Energy Action Plan, SEAP (on going).

City on Cloud
(city management system
for energy and mobility)

Monitoring and control
of e-bike and e-
vehicles

Smart control of the
district heating

Energy efficient
building retrofiting
(9.110 m2 of cond. area)

Central district
heating/cooling and
DHW
(biomass for energy)

Expansion of the
cycling lanes
(6.2 km + 50 e-bikes)

Alternative fuel
vehicles
(4 e-buses + 7 hybrid cars)

Citizens' engagement
and empowerment

Smart city strategies

EU smart city indicator
framework

85% Energy savings
79% CO₂ emissions avoided
6,000 citizens directly involved



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020
research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

REPLICATION: SERAING AND MISKOLC



Miskolc. The fourth biggest city in Hungary. Regional centre and capital of Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén. 168,075 inhabitants (2011).

Very ambitious urban plan centered in:

- Growing economic potential
- Protection of natural environment, regeneration of ravaged environment
- Improving life quality, development of urban potential
- Development of built environment, harmony between artificial and natural environment
- Strengthen security, equality and social cohesion



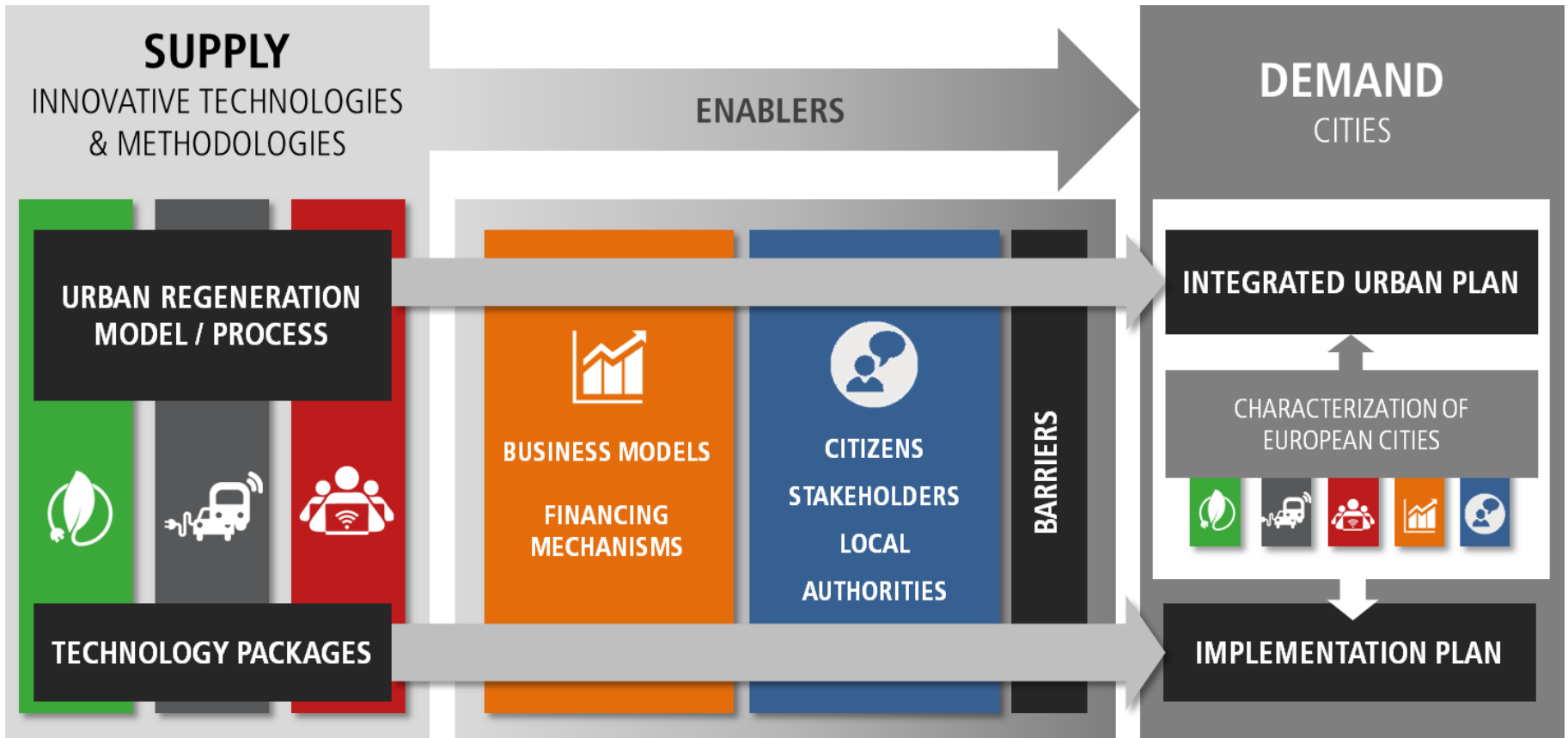
Seraing. Lieja province. Industrial City of 61,237 inhabitants.

Signed the Covenant of Mayors in October, 2013. Vast program of urban reshaping promoting the development of new economic activities and improving quality of life, resulting in a Master Plan that will be the basis for all decisions to be taken, concerning the urban requalification of the city, in the long term (30 years)



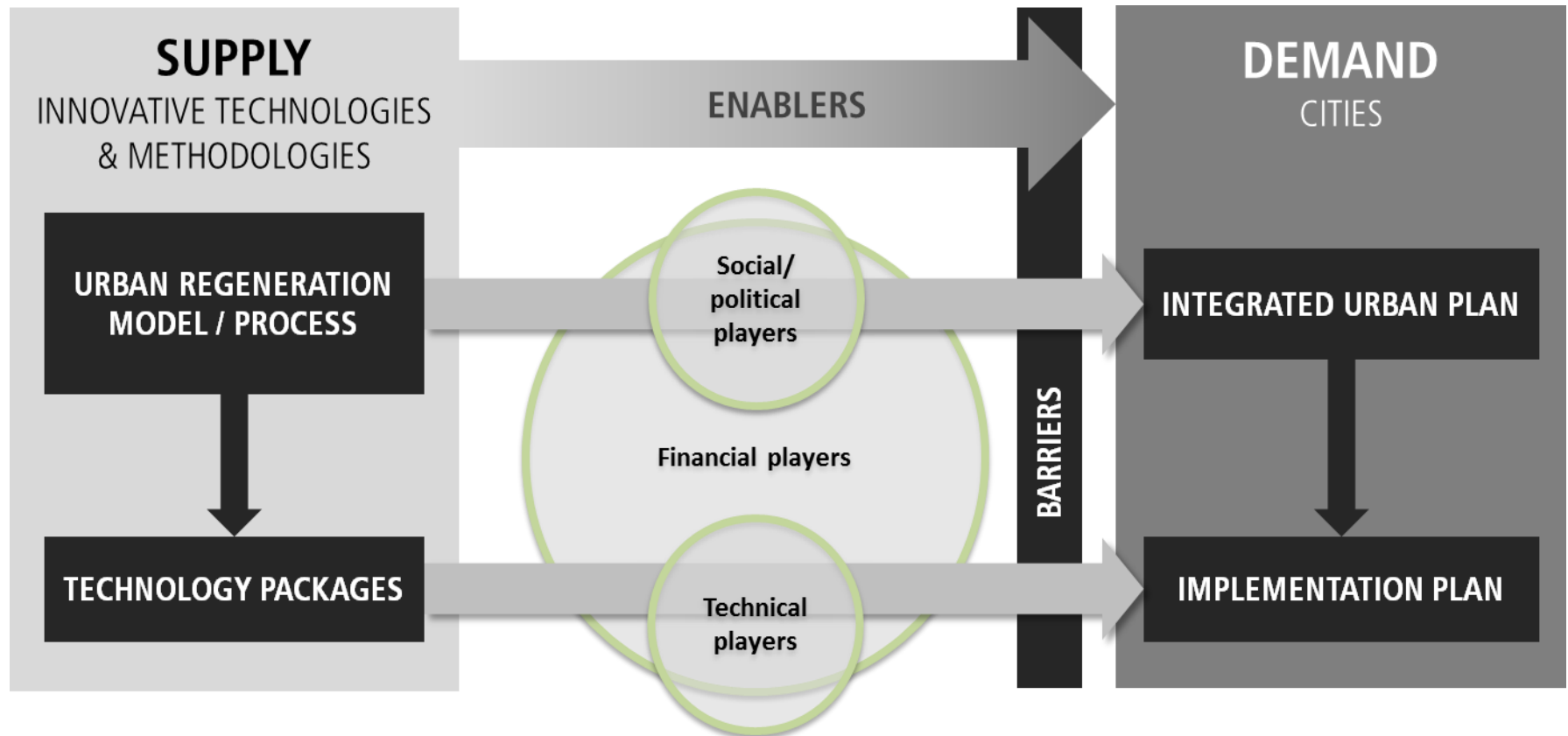
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

HOW TO ENSURE ITS REPLICABILITY?



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CONNECTING THE DOTS FROM “SUPPLY” TO “DEMAND”



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CHARACTERISATION AS BASIS FOR REPLICATION



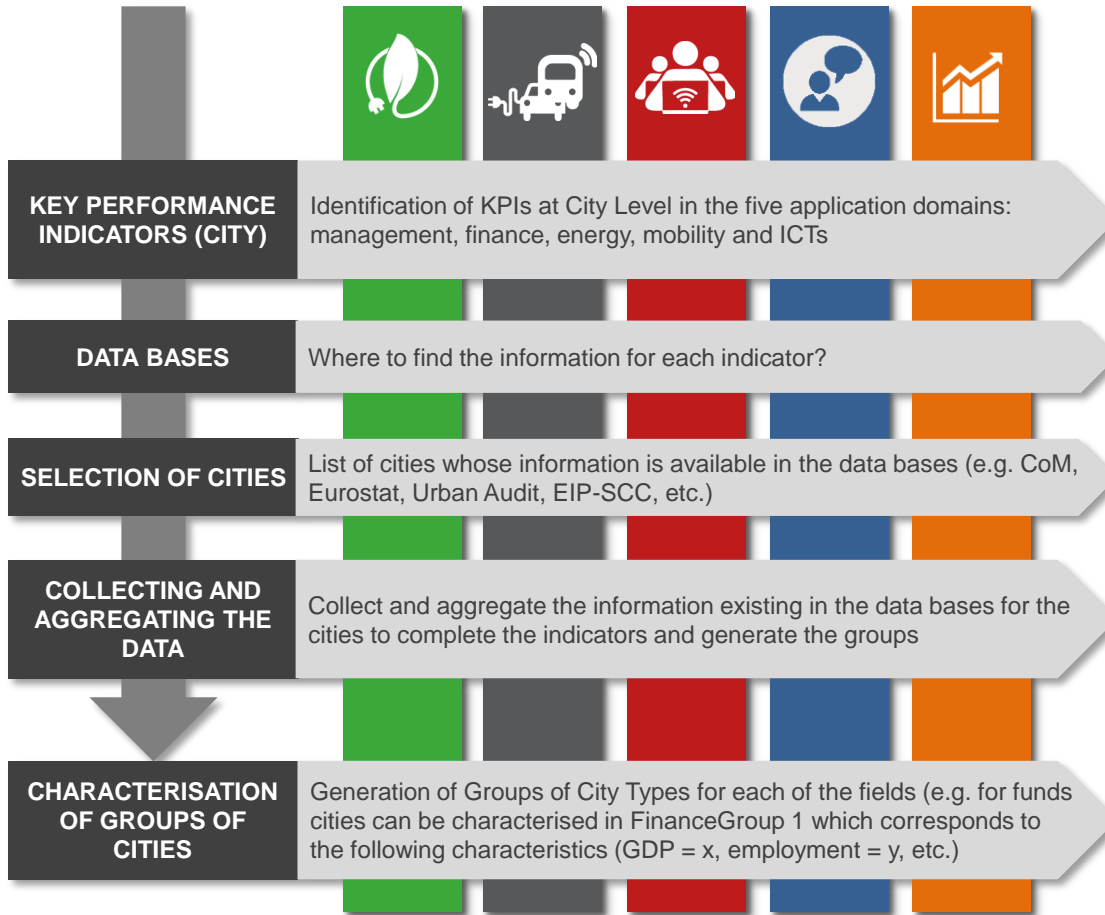
Most positive values ■
 Intermediate values ■
 Less positive values ■

	People	Governance	Finance	Mobility	Energy	Infrastructures
Cluster 1						
Cluster 2						
Cluster 3						
Cluster 4						
Cluster 5						



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CHARACTERISATION AS BASIS FOR REPLICATION



Map of all cities included in the data collection process for the characterization

In Red: Ignored cities (No data available at city level in the selected data sources)



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

IDENTIFICATION OF INDICATORS



Applications	Number of initial indicators	Number of final indicators
Management	22	19
Financing	4	5
Energy	6	5
Mobility	7	8
Infrastructures	4	4
Total	50	41



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

IDENTIFICATION OF INDICATORS



INDICATOR	KPI_ID	FORMULA	UNIT	DESCRIPTION	DATA BASE
Share of electricity in final energy consumptions in households	EN1	-	%	Energy derived from electricity related to the final energy in households	Eurostat
Share of gas in final energy consumptions in households	EN2	-	%	Energy derived from gas related to the final energy in households	Eurostat
Share of Renewable Energies in final energy consumption in households	EN3	-	%	Energy derived from energy renewable sources related to the final energy in households	Eurostat
Final energy consumption in households per inhabitant	EN4	-	MWh/inh	It covers consumption of private households, commerce, public administration, services, agriculture and fisheries	Eurostat
GHG emissions for households	EN5	1000 tCO ₂ eq/National Population	Mton CO ₂ eq/Million inhabitant	GHG emissions from buildings (residential and public)	Eurostat

DATA ACQUISITION



Code	City	KPI_EN1	KPI_EN2	KPI_EN3	KPI_EN4	KPI_EN5
		Share of electricity in final energy consumption in households	Share of gas in the final energy consumption in households	Share of Renewable Energies in final energy consumption in households	Final energy consumption in households	GHG emissions for households
AT-01	Graz	23.1	19	27.9	9.04	1820.16
AT-02	Innsbruck	23.1	19	27.9	9.04	1820.16
BE-01	Ghent	19	41.3	7	9.32	2387.32
BE-02	Liege	19	41.3	7	9.32	2387.32
BE-03	Brugge	19	41.3	7	9.32	2387.32
BG-01	Ruse	40.3	2	33.8	14.37	3680.39
EE-01	Tartu	17.2	5.6	40	8.21	877.74
FI-01	Jyväskylä	36.3	0.6	24.5	10.89	1083.47

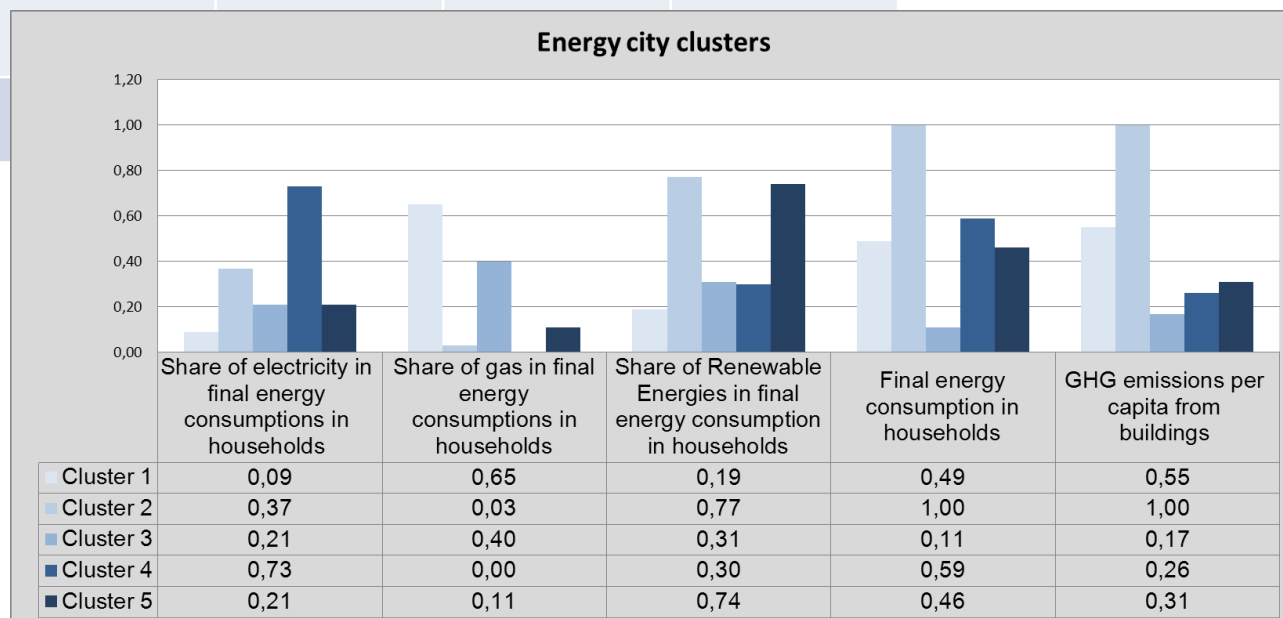


This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CLUSTERING



	Cluster 1	Cluster 2	Cluster 3	Cluster 4	Cluster 5
KPI_EN1	22,4	40,3	30,6	63,9	30,1
KPI_EN2	48,1	2,0	29,5	0,3	8,4
KPI_EN3	9,5	33,8	14,3	14,0	32,2
KPI_EN4	7,3				
KPI_EN5	2079,1				



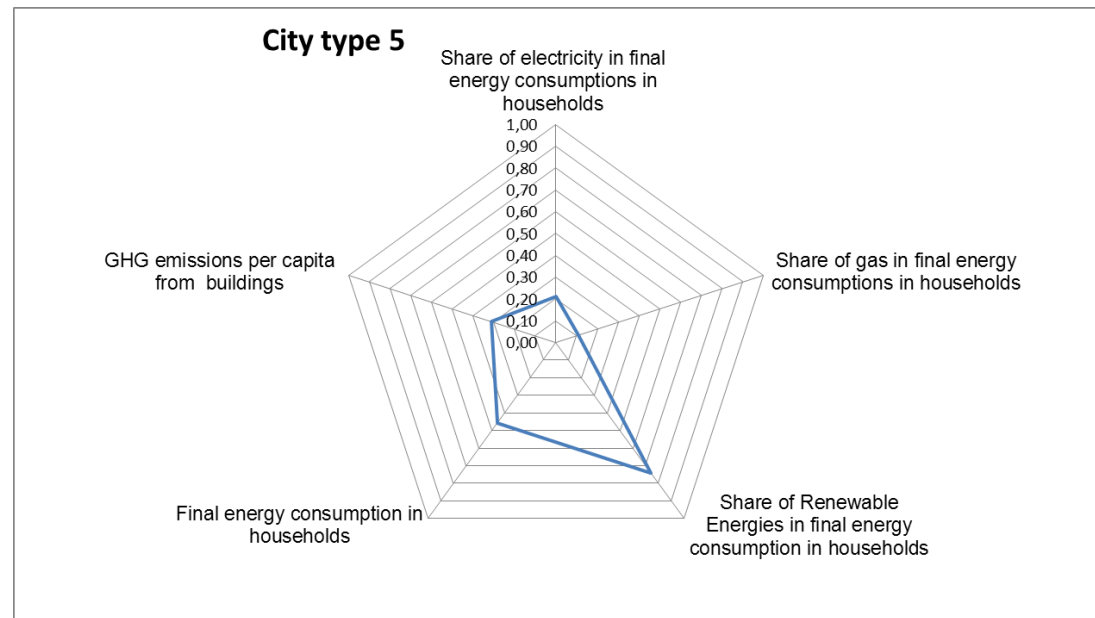
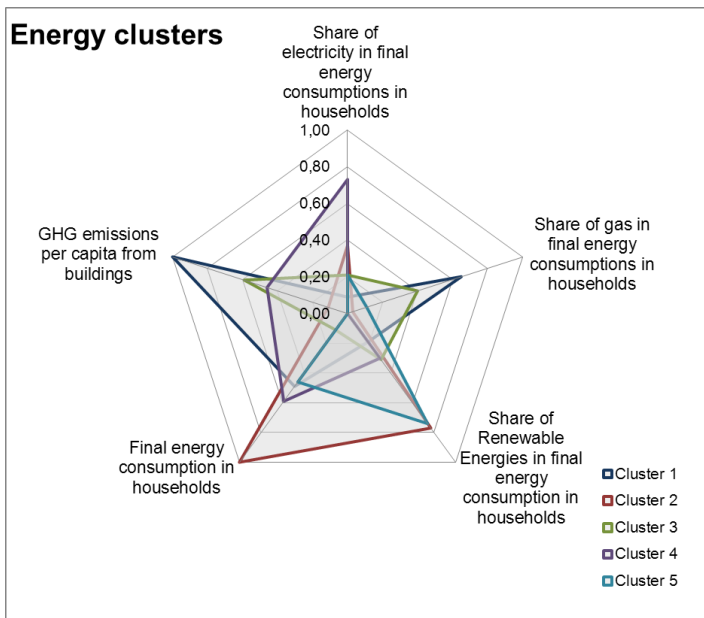
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CLUSTERING



Energy city type 5

- This cluster is characterised by a rather high share in renewable energies in final energy consumption in households.
- With a low gas and electricity shares, and a good result in GHG emissions, this cluster may be considered in a good position in terms of energy efficiency.



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CLUSTERING



- Cluster 2 (10)
- Cluster 4 (10)
- Cluster 5 (10)
- Cluster 1 (7)
- Cluster 3 (3)



Cluster 1 (South)	Descriptions
People	(-) Cities which lost population. High youth unemployment ratio. Low recycling ratio (+) High ratio of population with higher education
Governance	Cities which have developed a large number of plans and strategies for a sustainable urban model
Finance	High ratio of unemployment, bad position in GDP and disposable income
Mobility	Modal split: private motor vehicle. Scarce use of bike or electrical vehicle. High private car ratio
Energy	Cities with low energy consumption in households and good position in use of RES. Electricity as main final energy consumption. Low GHG emissions.
Infrastructures	Low number of internet users. Intermediate position in Smartphone use.

- Most positive values ■
- Intermediate values ■
- Less positive values ■



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511

CONCLUSIONS



- It is possible to identify which are the adverse conditions and potential features of the selected cities by each domain (energy, mobility, ICT) and enablers (people, governance and finance) as well as a preliminary analysis of the possibility for replicating the REMOURBAN regeneration model in these cities.
- **5 geographic areas** have been detected in Europe as a result of applying a procedure for characterizing the cities in **a global analysis** in which all the indicators are considered.
- **5 clusters** were identified corresponding with cities located in the North, Centre, South, East and Scandinavian countries.



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 646511



Stay tuned:
remourban.eu



Follow and engage with
REMOURBAN on Twitter
@Remourban_EU
follow us!



Regenerate your city
with
REMOURBAN!

Thank you for your attention!